Major: FINANCE

Sr. No. (7)

IMPACT OF DEBT FINANCING ON THE PROFITABILITY OF TEXTILE INDUSTRY IN PAKISTAN



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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Above all else, I want to say thanks to Allah Almighty who has led me through every intense time realizing that He is continually listening to my prayers to God. Alhamdulillah!

I owe my most profound and earnest appreciation to my parents, supervisor and my class fellows who remained close by amid the intense and challenging experience of project, exhibiting my work and settling on choice in regard to this all through the period of my Master program.

I am chosen to have had the supervision of expert in financeMamHina Samdani, major thanks to you for your consolation and having confidence in my capabilities. Much appreciated you Mam for sharing your abundance of learning and using my abilities in a superior manner. Your commitment and responsibility in regulating this supposition is sincerely appreciable. This dissertation would not have been conceivable without your backing.

Dear parents, your prayers to God, your support and your provision have made me accomplish one of the hardest objectives throughout my life. This is one of them!

Dear friends, you have a major part of this accomplishment and your support has shown me a ray of trust and encouragement.

A big thanks to all!!

Nida Aslam

ABSTRACT

The objective of the study was to examine the impact of debt financing (long-term debt, shortterm debt, total debt, and sales growth) on the profitability (return on assets and return on equity) of textile industry in Pakistan. This study has considered debt financing as an independent variable. Whereas, return on assets and return on equity, representing profitability, are considered as the dependent variables within this study in order to testify their relationship within textile industry of Pakistan. This study is based on identifying the magnitude and direction of the relationship between debt financing (independent variable) and return on assets & return on equity (dependent variables). An empirical analysis is done based on the secondary data gathered for the period of last five years (2013-2018) regarding 5 textile brands (Nishat, Khaadi, Chen One, Bareeze, and Gul Ahmed) to conduct the study. Various statistical instruments such as correlation, regression, ANOVA, and coefficients, have been used to figure out the relationship between debt financing and return on assets & return on equity within textile industry of Pakistan. Results of these statistical analysis has been interpreted by correlation and regression through a tool known as SPSS Software. It is evident through findings that there exists a strong positive correlation between debt financing (independent variable) and return on assets & return on equity (dependent variables) of textile industry in Pakistan.

Keywords:Debt Financing, Long-Term Debt, Short-Term Debt, Total Debt, Sales Growth, Firm Profitability, Return On Assets, Return On Equity, etc.

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