Petrophysical analysis of Ratana well 03, Ratana, upper Indus basin, Pakistan



By

Maviya Shabir Abbasi

Saad Ur Rehman

Hasham Naseem Khan

Department of Earth and Environmental Sciences
Bahria University, Islamabad

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MAVIYA SHABIR ABBASI SAAD UR REHMAN HASHAM NASEEM KHAN

Department of Earth and Environmental Sciences Bahria University, Islamabad

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ABSTRACT

Petroleum is vital to almost all industries, and is of importance to the maintenance of industrialized civilization itself, and thus is a critical concern for many nations. Due to its importance this field has developed special interests of the scientists and various hydrocarbon agencies and a number of new geological and geophysical techniques have been developed to explore and exploit the hydrocarbon buried in subsurface geological formations. Petrophysics and well logging is one of thestrong tools which are used to evaluate the formation characteristic features having potential for hydrocarbon development.

A successful petrophysical analysis of Ratana well#3 is carried out interpreting the given logs. Different parameters calculated are shale volume, saturation of water and hydrocarbon and porosity was determined using different logs. These were plotted onto MS-Excel understand sub surface characteristics and presence of fluids.

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ABBREVIATIONS

Porosity φ ΔT Log response Lithological Constant A \mathbf{C} Constant based on hydrocarbon density **CALI** Caliper Log GR Gamma Ray Log Log response in the zone of interest, API units **GRlog** Log response in the shale beds, API unit GR_{max} Log response in the clean beds, API units GRmin Gamma ray Index **IGR** Permeability k LLD Deep LateroLog Cementation exponent m Main Boundary Thrust **MBT** milli Volt mVSaturation Exponent n North PotwarDeformed Zone **NPDZ** Neutron Log **NPHI RHOB** Density Log Resistivity of mud filtrate Rmf Equivalent resistivity Rmfe True Resistivity Rt Equivalent water resistivity SP R_{we} Salt Range PotwarFold Belt **SRPFB** Saturation water $S_{\mathbf{W}}$ t_f Time of fluid V_{sh} Volume of shale W Constant WOC Water oil contact